I Peter 1:1-2

EMC Wednesday Night Bible Study - 3-14-18

Peter, the Rock

Vv. 1-2a - note the contrast: so much about them, so little about himself

- No claim to be the _____ apostle, nor any need to _____ his office
- Matthew 16:13-18 \rightarrow He is no rock apart from his confession
 - o Cf. v. 23 "Satan!"
- Does not stand apart from the other 11
 - Matthew 18:18 keys to the kingdom granted to all
 - Ephesians 2:20; 3:5 Kingdom is built upon the foundation of the _______
 and the _______ with Christ as the ______.
 - The church is only "apostolic" today insofar as it remains committed to their teachings/doctrinal foundations
- Cannot separate the confession from the _____
 - Christ's kingdom is not built on a confession in the abstract, but on one who is confessing
 - The Rock bears witness to the cornerstone of God's spiritual temple (I Pet. 2:5-8)

The Supreme Pontiff?

- Roman Catholics \rightarrow Peter = the first bishop/pope of Rome
- Pope = Vicar of Christ ("one serving as a substitute/agent")
 - Has "full, supreme, universal power over the whole Church, a power which he can always exercise unhindered." (*Catechism of the Catholic Church*)
 - Speaks "ex cathedra" ("from the chair") infallibly on issues pertaining to faith and morals
 - Uninterrupted passing of papal authority from Peter to Francis
- Scripture gives _____ indication that Peter was supreme over the other disciples: Luke 22:24-30; 2 Cor. 12:11; Acts 8:14; 13-28; 15:13-35; Galatians 2:11-14
- Apostles did not transmit their authority to other "apostles"
 - Apostolic office = unique and unrepeatable
 - The authority of the apostolic ______ have replaced the apostolic
- We don't submit our understanding of God's word to an organization (I Thess. 5:21; I John 4:1; Acts 17:11)
 - Scripture is our guide and the HS is our teacher (John 14:18, 26)
 - No doctrinal free-for-all. God has given the church pastors and teachers to assist in the understanding and interpretation of scripture (Eph. 4:11-16)
 - We must handle the word rightly (II Tim. 2:15; II Cor. 4:2; II Pet. 3:16)

A Greeting With a Blessing

- Words become blessings by the working of the ______
- V. 2b "May grace and peace be yours in the fullest measure."
 - Come from God
 - Grace = the very extension of God's _____ toward us.
 - Peace = not ______ of conflict, suffering, or pain, but the
 - _____ of God in the midst of it all
 - Numbers 6:26
 - Pronounced by Jesus in the shadow of the _____ (John 14:27)
 - Absence of ______ with God
 - V. 2 summarizes the whole message of the letter

The True People of God

- Writing to Gentiles?!
- From Acts 10 to "they are God's chosen and holy people"
 - "Chosen of the Father"
 - No afterthought. Not second class citizens. They belong to God!
 - Foreknown = Christ and his people were the objects of God's loving concern since before time.
 - "The God and Father of the Lord Jesus Christ" (v. 3) is now their Father
- How? The Holy Spirit and Jesus Christ
 - By Christ's blood that we are _____ and ____
 - "Sprinkled" evokes Old Testament image (Exodus 24:8)
 - New Covenant = blood of Christ, heavenly altar (Heb. 12:24; 9:11-12, 23-24)
 - By the Holy Spirit that we are born anew from above, filled with the life of God, and empowered to be holy as he is holy

The People of God in the World

- Writing to Gentiles?!
- V. 1 "those who reside as aliens, scattered throughout (Asia Minor)"
 - The new ____
 - The people of God scattered throughout the world
 - Citizens of another kingdom
 - Moses→Egypt / Jesus→heaven
- Key to his letter: Peter is writing a ______ for Christian pilgrims.
 - Peter's concern is with their _____ and _____
 - Presenting the sure hope of the Christian pilgrim of salvation in Christ, a future reality and present possession